GASTEC Instructions for No.1La Carbon Monoxide Detector Tube

FOR SAFE OPERATION:

Carefully read this manual and the instruction manual of your Gastec Gas Sampling Pump.

⚠ WARNING:

- 1. Use only Gastec detector tubes in a Gastec pump.
- Do not interchange or use non-Gastec parts or components in Gastec's detector tube and pump system.
- 3. Using non-Gastec parts or components in Gastec's detector tube and pump system or using a non-Gastec detector tube with a Gastec pump or using a Gastec detector tube with a non-Gastec pump may damage your detector tube and pump system, or may cause serious injuries, or death to the end-user. It will also void all warranties, and guarantees regarding performance and data accuracy.

⚠ CAUTION: If you do not observe the following precautions, you may suffer injuries or damage the product.

- 1. When breaking the tube ends, keep away from eyes.
- 2. Do not touch the broken glass tubes, broken pieces and reagent with bare hand(s).
- The sampling time represents the time necessary to draw the air sample through the tube.The tube must be positioned in the desired sampling area for the entire sampling time or until the flow finish indicator indicates the end of the sampling.

△NOTES: For maintaining performance and reliability of the test results, observe the following.

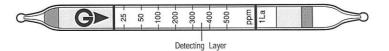
- Use Gastec Gas Sampling Pump together with Gastec Detector Tubes only for the purposes specified in the instruction manual of the detector tube.
- 2. Use this tube within the temperature range of 0 40°C (32 104°F).
- 3. Use this tube within the relative humidity range of 0 90%.
- 4. This tube may be interfered with by the coexisting gases. Please refer to the table "INTERFERENCES" below.
- 5. The shelf life and storage condition of the tube are marked on the label of the tube box.

APPLICATION OF THE TUBE:

Use this tube for detecting Carbon Monoxide in the air or in industrial areas and for determining the environmental atmospheric condition.

SPECIFICATION:

(Because of Gastec's commitment to continued improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice.)



Measuring Range	8 – 12.5 ppm	12.5 – 25 ppm	25 – 500 ppm	500 – 1000 ppm	
Number of Pump Strokes	3	2	1	1/2	
Correction Factor	1/3	1/2	1	2	
Sampling Time	2 mi	1 minute			
Detecting Limit	2 ppm (n=3)				
Colour Change	Yellow → Blackish brown				
Reaction Principle	$CO + Na_2Pd(SO_3)_2 \rightarrow Pd + CO_2 + SO_2 + Na_2SO_3$				

Coefficient of Variation: 10% (for 25 to 100 ppm), 5% (for 100 to 500 ppm)
**Shelf Life: Please refer to the validity date printed on the tube box.
**Store the tubes in a dark and cool place.

CORRECTION FOR TEMPERATURE, HUMIDITY AND PRESSURE:

This tube is calibrated at 20°C and 1013hPa. The calibration gas is prepared at RH50%. If used in other conditions, please follow below correction guide.

Temperature: Correct for temperature with the table below.

Temperature °C(°F)	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40
	(32)	(41)	(50)	(59)	(68)	(77)	(86)	(95)	(104)
Correction Factor	0.9	0.93	0.95	0.98	1.0	1.03	1.05	1.08	1.1

Humidity: No correction is required.

Pressure: To correct for pressure, use the formula below.

Tube Reading (ppm) × 1013 (hPa)
Atmospheric Pressure (hPa)

MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE:

- For checking the leakage of the pump, insert a freshly sealed detector tube into pump.
 Follow instructions provided with the pump operating manual.
- 2. Break tips off a fresh detector tube with the tube tip breaker in the pump.
- 3. Insert the tube into the pump inlet with arrow (G>) on the tube pointing toward the pump.
- 4. Make certain the pump handle is all the way in. Align the guide marks on the pump body with the guide marks on the handle.
- Pull the handle all the way out until it locks at one pump stroke (100 mL). Wait two minutes and confirm the completion of the sampling.
- 6. For smaller measurements less than 25 ppm, repeat the above sampling procedure 1 or 2 more times until the stain reaches the first calibration mark. For measurements higher than 500 ppm, prepare a fresh tube and perform a half pump stroke.
- Read the concentration level at the interface where the stained reagent meets the unstained reagent.
- 8. If necessary, multiply the readings by the correction factors of temperature, pump strokes and atmospheric pressure.

INTERFERENCES:

Substance	Concentration	Interference	Interference gas only
Acetylene	≥1/50	+	Blackish brown
Ethylene	≦2000 ppm	No	Few minutes later, whole layer turns to blackish colour
Hydrogen	≥5000 ppm	1000 H	Blackish brown at 1% (whole layer)
Sulphur Dioxide	≧1/10	+	Blackish brown
Nitrogen Dioxide	≥40 ppm	+ (Bleaching)	Red at 60 ppm
Carbon Disulphide	≥1/50	3 AUD#45 9U;	Blackish brown
Halogens	≥1/5	rasig \u20aba	Blackish brown
Mercaptans	≥1/5	1951 Harris	Blackish brown
Hydrogen Sulphide	≧1/5	Leadin Harris	Blackish brown

This table of interference gases primarily expresses the interference of each coexisting gas in the concentration range, that is equivalent to the gas concentration. Therefore, the test result may show positive results due to other substances not listed in the table. If more information is needed, please contact us or our distributors in your territory

DANGEROUS AND HAZARDOUS PROPERTIES:

Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average by ACGIH (2014): 25 ppm

INSTRUCTIONS ON DISPOSAL:

The reagent of the tube does not use toxic substances. When disposing the tube regardless of whether it has been used or not, follow the rules and regulations of your local government.

WARRANTY:

If you have any questions regarding gas detection and the quality of the tubes, please feel free to contact your Gastec representatives.

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